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7	BEFORE THE PUBLIC DISC	LOSURE COMMISSION
8	OF THE STATE OF	WASHINGTON
9	IN RE THE MATTER OF ENFORCEMENT	PDC CASE NO. 04-288
10	ACTION AGAINST	
11	JEFFERSON COUNTY REPUBLICAN CENTRAL COMMITTEE,	FINAL ORDER IMPOSING FINE
12	Respondent.	
13	respondent.	
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15	I. INTRO	DUCTION
16	The Washington State Public Disclosure Commission (Commission) conducted an	
17	adjudicative proceeding (enforcement hearing) in the above-captioned matter on October 26,	
18	2004 at the Commission offices at the Evergreen Plaza Building, 711 Capitol Way, Room 206,	
19	Olympia, Washington. The hearing was held pursuant to chapter 34.05 RCW, chapter 42.17	
20	RCW, WAC 390-37, and WAC 10-08. The Commissioners present included: Michael	
21	Connelly, Francis Martin, Earl Tilly, and Jane Noland. Senior Counsel Nancy Krier,	
22	Commission Counsel was also present.	
23	Also present were: John White, attorney for Jefferson County Republican Central	
24	Committee (Respondent); Assistant Attorney Ge	neral John Lane, PDC Staff Counsel; Vicki
25	Rippie PDC Executive Director: Susan Harris A	ssistant Director: Phil Stutzman Director of

1	Compliance; and Senior Assistant Attorney General Linda Dalton. The hearing was recorded
2	and open to the public.
3	This matter involves the allegation that the Respondent violated RCW 42.17.530 with a
4	campaign television advertisement entitled "Pinocchio Rose" which was broadcast during the
5	election campaign for Jefferson County Commissioner in 2003 and which discussed candidate
6	Mark Rose.
7	II. PREHEARING MATTERS
8	A Prehearing Order dated October 11, 2004 governed the prehearing matters in this
9	case.
10	III. HEARING PROCEDURAL MATTERS
11	Written Materials Received
12	At the hearing, the Commission was provided a copy of the Report of Investigation
13	dated June 14, 2004; the Notice of Administrative Charges dated July 2, 2004; a Stipulation of
14	the Parties as to Agreed Facts and Exhibits dated October 18, 2004 (as orally corrected by the
15	parties at the hearing); Commission (PDC) Staff Trial Brief; Commission (PDC) Staff's
16	Witness List; PDC Staff's Exhibit List and PDC Staff's Exhibits A - L; PDC Staff
17	Supplemental Authority; Hearing Memorandum of Respondent; Respondent's Witness List
18	and Exhibit List; and, Respondent's Exhibits 1 – 7.
19	Evidence Admitted and Stipulation
20	By a 4-0 vote the Commission accepted the Stipulation. The Stipulation is attached and
21	incorporated with corrections noted in the Findings of Fact. The Commission considered the
22	Stipulation including the agreed-to facts, as corrected on the record.
23	The Commission admitted and considered the following exhibits as follows:
24	PDC Staff Exhibits (with stipulations by Respondent and joint exhibits noted):
25	A. Notice of Administrative Charges (stipulated as a correct copy, not for the truth of the contents)

1	В.	PDC Staff Report of Investigation (stipulated as a correct copy, not for the truth of the contents)
2	C.	October 17, 2003 complaint from William Briery (stipulated)
3 4	D.	August 27, 2003 Port Townsend and Jefferson County Leader (Leader) article (stipulated)
5	E.	September 3, 2003 Port Townsend and Jefferson County Leader (Leader) letter to the editor (stipulated)
6	F.	September 12, 2003 Peninsula Daily News article (stipulated)
7 8	G.	Comcast record of cablecast dates and times for Pinocchio Rose Advertisement (stipulated)
9	Н.	September 19, 1982 Los Angeles Times travel article by Mark Rose (admitted)
10 11	I.	September 19, 1982 Los Angeles Times book review by Mark Rose (admitted)
12	J.	September 12,1982 Los Angeles Times book review article by Mark Rose (admitted)
13	K.	Staff interview of Leola Armstrong (admitted)
14 15	L.	PDC C4 accompanying Schedule A from the Jefferson County Republican Central Committee for October 1, 2003 (admitted)
16	M-1.	Video of Pinocchio Rose (stipulated as Joint Exhibit M-1)
17	N-3.	March 2, 2004 facsimile from Sally Parker to Sarah Streiff at Los Angeles Times (stipulated as Joint Exhibit N-3)
18	O-6	October 23, 2003 letter from Susan Marett to Phil Stutzman with copy
19		of Leader article dated October 22, 2003 (stipulated as Joint Exhibit O-6)
20	Respondent's	Exhibits (with stipulations by PDC Staff and joint exhibits noted):
22	M-1.	Pinocchio Rose video (stipulated Joint Exhibit M-1)
23	2.	May 18, 2004 letter from Susan Marett to Sally Parker, together with
24		mailer (stipulated)
25	N-3.	March 2, 2004 Facsimile from Sally Parker to Sarah Streiff at Los Angeles Times (stipulated as Joint Exhibit N-3)
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1	4.	Note to File of Sally Parker concerning telephone conversation (stipulated)
2	5.	January 14, 2004 letter from Ron Gregory to Phil Stutzman (stipulated)
3	6.	October 23, 2003 letter from Susan Marett to Phil Stutzman with copy of Landay article dated October 23, 2003 (atimulated as Lint Fubility O
4 5		of Leader article dated October 22, 2003 (stipulated as Joint Exhibit O-6)
6	7.	October 31, 2003 memorandum to Phil Stutzman from Ron Gregory (stipulated)
7	Witness Testimony	
8	The C	ommission considered the testimony of the following witnesses: Sally Parker;
9	Mark Rose (via telephone); Ronald Gregory (via telephone); Noel Greenwood (via telephone)	
10	and Bryn Armstrong (via telephone).	
11	Oral Argument	
12	The Commission considered the oral arguments of the parties.	
13	Motion for Summary Judgment	
14	Respoi	ndent made an oral Motion for Summary Judgment at the conclusion of the PDC
15	staff presentation of its witnesses and evidence. Among other arguments, Respondent argued	
16	that that the	"thrust" (or "gist" or "sting") of the substance of the "Pinocchio Rose"
17	advertisement	was true and the law of libel or defamation should apply, thus the case against
8	Respondent sh	nould not proceed. PDC staff argued that the motion should be denied. Among
9	other argumen	its, the PDC staff argued that the motion was essentially a motion to dismiss for
20	failure of PDC	E staff to makes its case, assumed facts not in evidence, that defamation law did
21	not apply to t	he facts of this case, and argued the facts would support finding violations of
22	RCW 42.17.53	30 by Respondent as alleged.
23	The Co	ommission considered the arguments. By a 4-0 vote the Commission denied the
4	motion and the	e case proceeded.
25	Based	upon the evidence and arguments considered, the Commission makes the

following findings and conclusions, and enters the following order:

1	IV. FINDINGS OF FACT
2	Findings 1 - 17
3	1 - 17. The Commission accepts stipulated facts 1 - 17 in the attached Stipulation and
4	they will be entered as Findings of Fact $1 - 17$ with the following corrections and changes
5	made on the record at the hearing:
6 7	No. 7: The first sentence (beginning with "Prior to airing") and the fourth sentence (beginning with "Mr. Greenwood initially") are no longer stipulated facts.
8	No. 8: The year referenced in this stipulated fact has been corrected as 1982, not 2002.
	No. 14: An end quote (") should be at the end of this stipulated fact.
10	Findings 18 – 24
11	18. The employment history of Mark Rose at the LA Times was an issue in the
12	campaign for Jefferson County Commissioner in the 2003 general election.
13	19. In October 2003, Bryn Armstrong, whose spouse Leola Armstrong was vice-
14	chair of the Respondent, provided to Noel Greenwood a list of articles and copies (clips) of
15	articles authored by Mark Rose, as well as other information concerning Mark Rose's
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17	campaign. Noel Greenwood is a former editor at the <i>LA Times</i> who retired in 1992. This
18	information provided to Noel Greenwood by Bryn Armstrong was provided prior to October
19	17, 2003.
20	20. In a statement made under oath prior to her death (Exhibit K), Leola Armstrong
	stated that she was aware her husband had contacted Noel Greenwood and obtained some
21	information regarding Mark Rose's employment at the LA Times. She stated she was aware of
22	the October 17, 2003 faxed letter from Noel Greenwood to her husband.
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Rose ad, no representative of the Respondent contacted any current staff member of the LA

Times or its research department to inquire about Mark Rose's employment history at that

During the campaign, and prior to and during the broadcast of the Pinocchio

1	newspaper. The Respondent's chairman, Ronald Gregory, was aware that Mark Rose had a		
2	employment history with the LA Times.		
3	22. During the campaign, and prior to and during the broadcast of the Pinocchi		
4	Rose ad, no representative of the Respondent contacted Mark Rose or his campaign to inquir		
5	about or confirm his employment history with the LA Times or to obtain a copy of the clip fil		
6	of articles written by Mark Rose.		
7	23. Mark Rose was employed by the LA Times and was the author of severa		
8	articles published by that newspaper.		
9	24. Ronald Gregory was a subscriber and regular reader of the Port Townsend an		
.0	Jefferson County Leader.		
1	25. No evidence was presented that Mark Rose wrote a letter to the editor of the L.		
2	Times.		
3	V. CONCLUSIONS OF LAW		
4	1. The Commission has jurisdiction to hear this matter pursuant to RCV		
5	42.17.350 et seq., including RCW 42.17.370(5).		
6	2. The PDC staff has the burden to establish a violation of RCW 42.17.530 b		
7	clear and convincing evidence.		
8	3. While the Respondent challenges the constitutionality of RCW 42.17.530, an		
9	has made a record regarding its constitutional argument, as an administrative agency th		
20	Commission must presume the statute is constitutional and cannot rule upon th		
21	constitutionality of a statute.		
22	4. RCW 42.17.530 states:		
23	(1) It is a violation of this chapter for a person to sponsor with actual malice:		
24	(a) Political advertising that contains a false statement of material fact about		
25	a candidate for public office. However, this subsection (1)(a) does not apply to statements made by a candidate or the candidate's agent about the candidate		
6	himself or herself;		

- (b) Political advertising that falsely represents that a candidate is the incumbent for the office sought when in fact the candidate is not the incumbent;
- (c) Political advertising that makes either directly or indirectly, a false claim stating or implying the support or endorsement of any person or organization when in fact the candidate does not have such support or endorsement.
- (2) Any violation of this section shall be proven by clear and convincing evidence.

## 5. RCW 42.17.505 states:

The definitions set forth in this section apply throughout RCW 42.17.510 through 42.17.540.

- (1) "Actual malice" means to act with knowledge of falsity or with reckless disregard as to truth or falsity.
- (2) "Sponsor" means the candidate, political committee, or person paying for the advertisement. If a person acts as an agent for another or is reimbursed by another for the payment, the original source of the payment is the sponsor.
- (3) "Incumbent" means a person who is in present possession of an elected office.
- 6. The Respondent sponsored the "Pinocchio Rose" television advertisement concerning candidate Mark Rose.
- 7. The following statement in the "Pinocchio Rose" television advertisement was false: "Mark Rose claimed to be a staff member of the *LA Times* when all he did was write a letter to the editor." The statement is false because Mark Rose was an employee of the *LA Times*, he wrote several articles that were published in the *LA Times*, and no evidence was presented to show he wrote a letter to the *LA Times*.
- 8. The employment history of candidate Mark Rose at the *LA Times*, and the statement that "all he did" was write a letter to the editor, were material facts about a candidate in a campaign. The facts comprised approximately one-third of the Pinocchio Rose television advertisement, the advertisement was showcased by the Respondent and was the prime or only television advertisement run by the Respondent in this campaign. Mark Rose's employment

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history was material to this election campaign. The Respondent caused the ad to be broadcast 400 times in this local government election campaign.

- 9. The Respondent acted with reckless disregard as to the truth or falsity of its "Pinocchio Rose" television advertisement prior to broadcasting the advertisement because information was publicly known and easily available to the Respondent prior to the broadcast of the ad to (a) confirm the fact of Mark Rose's actual employment history with the LA Times and (b) confirm the fact he did not write a letter to the editor of the LA Times. The Respondent did not receive information directly from the LA Times denying Mark Rose had ever worked there, but instead, the information it received from a former editor explained the search of employment records had not been concluded. The Respondent never contacted Mark Rose regarding his employment at the LA Times. There was no testimony or evidence presented by Respondent that Mark Rose wrote a letter to the editor of the LA Times. Although information was made publicly available in local newspapers regarding Mark Rose's clip file, the Respondent did not pull the ads. The Respondent also did not pull the ads after it received a copy of the October 17, 2003 fax stating that the search regarding Mark Rose's employment history had not been completed and the ads ran at least an additional 112 times. The Respondent's reliance on third-hand information was also reckless.
- 10. In the alternative, the Respondent acted with actual knowledge of the falsity of the contents of the "Pinocchio Rose" television advertisement when that advertisement (a) falsely discussed the fact of Mark Rose's employment history with the *LA Times*, and (b) falsely stated that "all he did" was write a letter to the editor of the *LA Times*. Information concerning Mark Rose's journalism clip file was provided in local newspapers available to and read by persons involved with the Respondent prior to the broadcast of the ad. Mr. Rose had publicly offered to make his clip file available. In October 2003, the spouse of the vice chair of the Respondent had copies of Mark Rose's articles and other information concerning Mark Rose's employment at the *LA Times* and that information was conveyed to the vice chair and

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chair of the Respondent. The Pinocchio Rose television advertisements continued to be broadcast even after the information concerning Mark Rose's actual employment history with the *LA Times* was available and was made public in the local newspapers prior to the advertisement being broadcast.

11. PDC Staff has met its burden to establish that the Respondent committed multiple violations of RCW 42.17.530 (as defined through RCW 42.17.505) by clear and convincing evidence.

Based upon the above findings and conclusions, the Commission by a 3-1 vote finds multiple violations of RCW 42.17.530 (as defined through RCW 42.17.505) by the Respondent and assesses a civil penalty of \$1000. The Commission therefore enters the following order. The Commission authorizes the Executive Director to sign the Order on its behalf:

## VI. ORDER

- 1. The Stipulation is accepted, as corrected by the parties at the hearing.
- 2. Respondent's oral Motion for Summary Judgment and Dismissal is denied.
- 3. The Commission imposes a civil penalty of \$1000 against the Respondent.

## VII. APPEALS

## Reconsideration By The Commission

Any party may ask the Commission to reconsider this final order. Parties must place their requests for reconsideration in writing, include the specific grounds or reasons for the request, and deliver the request to the Public Disclosure Commission Office within TEN (10) days of the date that the Commission serves this order upon the party. Service is defined at RCW 34.05.010(19) as the date of mailing, or personal service. Pursuant to RCW 34.05.470(3), the Public Disclosure Commission is deemed to have denied the petition for reconsideration if, within twenty (20) days from the date the petition is filed, the Commission

1	Enforcement of Final Orders	
2	The Commission will seek to enforce this final order in superior court under RCW	
3	42.17.395397, and recover legal costs and attorney's fees, if the penalty remains unpaid and no petition for judicial review has been timely filed under chapter 34.05 RCW. This action	
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5	will be taken without further order by the Commission	
7	So ORDERED this day of January, 2005.	
8		
9	WASHINGTON STATE PUBLIC DISCLOSURE COMMISSION	
10	Viclo tippie	
11	VICKI RIPPIE	
12	Executive Director For the Commission	
13	ATTACHMENT:	
14	Stipulation of the Parties as to Agreed Facts and Exhibits dated October 18, 2004	
15	MAILING DATE OF THIS ORDER:	
16	1105	
17	Copies of this Order to:	
18	John White Livengood, Fitzgerald & Alskog	
19	121 3 <sup>rd</sup> Ave.  P.O. Box 908	
20	Kirkland, WA 98083-0908 Ph: (425) 822-9281	
21	white@lfa-law.com	
22	John Lane Assistant Attorney General	
23	Washington State Attorney General's Office Government Compliance and Enforcement Division	
24	1125 Washington St. SE P.O. Box 40100	
25	Olympia, WA 98504-0100 Ph: (360) 586-2438	
26	JOHNL1@atg.wa.gov	

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